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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/683,546	10/10/2003	Roger Proksch	14083-004002	2640
20985 75	90 11/17/2005		EXAMINER	
FISH & RICHARDSON, PC P.O. BOX 1022 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440-1022			LARKIN, DANIEL SEAN	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2856 DATE MAILED: 11/17/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/683,546	PROKSCH, ROGER				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Daniel S. Larkin	2856				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app r Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failui Any r	CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATES AND	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	the mailing date of this communication.  D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		•					
1)  ズ	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 A	uaust 2005.					
′=	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.						
· —	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
٠,٠	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,14-21,26,27 and 29-32</u> is/are pending in the application.							
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)🖾	Claim(s) <u>1-8,17-19,26, 27, and 29-32</u> is/are rejected.						
7)🖂	Claim(s) <u>14-16,20 and 21</u> is/are objected to.						
8)	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers						
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
٠			•				
Attachment	t(s)						
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				
· —	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 2856

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Objections

1. Claim 27 is objected to because of the following informalities:

Re claim 27, claim line 4: The article -- a -- should be inserted prior to the term "reflecting". Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 17-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Re claim 17, claim line 2: The phrase "said light beam" lacks antecedent basis.

The prior claims, specifically claim 14, have only recited a beam.

# **Double Patenting**

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Application/Control Number: 10/683,546

Art Unit: 2856

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

- 5. Claims 1, 7 and 8 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 12, 18, and 19 of U.S. Patent No. 6,530,268. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims of the patent are narrower in scope than the limitations cited in the application claims. Therefore, the patent claims teach all of the limitations of the application claims plus additional limitations not found in the application claims.
- 6. Claims 7 and 29-32 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 16 and 43-46 of U.S. Patent No. 6,612,160. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because of the following reasons:

Claim 15 of the patent is narrower in scope than the limitations cited in application claim 7. Therefore, the patent claim teaches all of the limitations of the application claim plus additional limitations not found in the application claims.

Claims 43-46 of the patent are narrower in scope than the limitations cited in application claims 29-32. Therefore, the patent claims teach all of the limitations of the application claims plus additional limitations not found in the application claims.

Application/Control Number: 10/683,546

Art Unit: 2856

7. A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

8. Claims 1-6, 8, 26, and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 10-15, 17, 40, and 41 of prior U.S. Patent No. 6,612,160. This is a double patenting rejection.

Patent claims 10-15 and 17 correspond to the limitations recited in application claims 1-6 and 8.

Patent claims 40 and 41 correspond to the limitations recited in application claims 26 and 27.

### Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments filed 28 August 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to applicant's argument that confusion over the actual inventorship of the invention requires the Office to invoke an interference, the applicant may be correct; however, the applicant needs to follow the guidelines in the MPEP and undertake the necessary steps as they pertain to interference practice before the Office

Application/Control Number: 10/683,546

Art Unit: 2856

will invoke an interference. Applicant needs to review MPEP section 2307 and other relevant sections for guidance in molding a case for interference proceedings.

#### Conclusion

10. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel S. Larkin whose telephone number is 571-272-2198. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hezron Williams can be reached on 571-272-2208. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Page 6

Daniel Larkin AU 2856

14 November 2005